DNA Preparation from Blood

Section of Cancer Genomics, Genetics Branch, NCI National Institutes of Health

Reagents

Ammonium chloride (NH₄Cl) Chloroform Mallinckrodt, Cat. 4440 Ethanol, absolute HCl **Isoamyl alcohol** Sigma, Cat. I-3643 **Isopropanol** (2-Propanol) Phenol Potassium carbonate (KHCO₃₎ **Proteinase K** EM Science, Gibbstown, WV, Cat. 24568-2 (100 mg) Sodium acetate, 3M, ph 5.2 Quality Biological Inc., Cat. 351-035-060 Sodium chloride Sodium EDTA (Na₂EDTA) Sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS 10%) EM Science, Cat. 24568-2 Tris EDTA buffer, pH 8.0

Preparation

Lysis Buffer

 NH_4Cl 8.29 g f.c. [155 mM] $KHCO_3$ 1 g f.c. [10 mM] Na_2EDTA 0.034 g or 200 µl EDTA 0.5 M f.c. [0.1mM]Fill to 1000 ml with distilled waterAdjust to pH 7.4 with 1 M HCl or NaOH for each use

Chloroform/Isoamyl alcohol 24:1

Chloroform 24 ml Isoamylalcohol 1 ml

SE-Buffer

NaCl4.39 g f.c. [75 mM]Na2EDTA $\underline{8.41 \text{ g or } 50 \text{ ml EDTA } 0.5 \text{ M}}$ f.c. [25 mM]Fill to 1000 ml with distilled waterAdjust to pH 8.0 with 1 M NaOH for each use

Sodium acetate

3 M Sodium acetate 246 g/L Adjust to pH 5.2 with CH₃COOH

Proteinase K (10mg/ml)

Dissolve 100 mg Proteinase K in 10 ml TE for 30 min at room temperature Aliquot and store at -20° C

Procedure

- To 10 ml whole blood (EDTA, heparin, citrate) add 30 ml lysis buffer, shake gently, incubate for 30 min on ice, and centrifuge at 1200 rpm for 10 min at 4°C.
- 2. Remove supernatant (blood waste), add 10 ml lysis buffer, resuspend the pellet, and centrifuge for 10 min at 4°C (1200 rpm).
- 3. Remove supernatant (blood waste), add 5 ml SE-buffer, resuspend the pellet, and centrifuge for 10 min at 4°C (1200 rpm).
- 4. Remove supernatant (blood waste). (It is possible to store the pellet at -80°C. To do so, add 1 ml SE-buffer and resuspend the pellet. Use a cryo-tube and centrifuge at 1200 rpm for 10 min at 4°C. Remove the supernatant and freeze the pellet.) Add 5 ml SE-buffer and resuspend the pellet, add 40 μl proteinase K (10 mg/ml) and 250 μl 20% SDS, shake gently, and incubate overnight at 37°C in a water bath.
- 5. Add 3 ml phenol, shake by hand for 10 min, and centrifuge at 3,000 rpm for 5 min at 10°C.
- 6. Transfer the supernatant into a new tube, add 1.5 ml phenol (check the volume) and 1.5 ml chloroform/isoamyl alcohol (25:24:1), shake by hand for 10 min, and centrifuge at 3,000 rpm for 5 min at 10°C.

- 7. Again transfer the supernatant into a new tube, add 3 ml (check the volume) chloroform/isoamylalcohol (24:1), shake by hand for 10 min, and centrifuge at 3,000 rpm for 5 min at 10°C.
- 8. Transfer the supernatant into a new tube, add 300 μ l 3 M sodium acetate (pH 5.2) and 10 ml isopropanol, shake gently until the DNA precipitated, use a glass pipette, make a hook over a bunsen burner, and capture the DNA.
- 9. Wash the DNA in 70% ethanol and dissolve the DNA in ddH_2O overnight at 4°C on a rotating shaker. (If the DNA is not dissolved leave it longer at 4°C on the rotating shaker).
- 10. Measure the DNA concentration and run 1-5 μ l (approximately 200 ng) for Gel electrophoresis on agarose gel (1%) in 1xTAE buffer. Also, measure the DNA with NanoDrop and print out for future reference.